LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **COMMERCE**

FIFTH SEMESTER – APRIL 2022

16/17/18UCO5MC03 - INCOME TAX LAW AND PRACTICE

Date: 17-06-2022 Dept. No. Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON

Answer all questions:

PART-A

1. What is meant by Perquisites?

- 2. Define Assessment Year.
- 3. What are revenue receipts? Give examples.
- 4. When a company is Resident and Non-resident?
- 5. Write a note on Gratuity.
- 6. Define Profession.
- 7. What do you mean by income From Other Sources?
- 8. What do you mean by commuted pension?
- 9. What do you understand the term "Incidence of Tax"?
- 10. Define Capital gains.

PART—B

Answer any four questions:

11. Explain in brief the fully taxable allowances from Salary.

12. Mr. Chandra is an employee of an industrial unit at Guwahati. The particulars of his income from salary areas under:

| (1) Basic Salary | |
|--|---|
| (2) Dearness allowance | Rs. 40,000 per month |
| (3) Bonus | Rs. 30,000 per month |
| (4) Entertainment allowance | Rs. 30,000 per monur Rs. 30,000 |
| (5) House rent allowance | <i>,</i> |
| (6) He contribute 15% per month of his basic salary towards recognized provident fund | Rs. 6,000 per month Rs. 30,000 per month |
| (7) His employer also contributes 15% of basic salary towards recognized provident fund | B ₀ 12,000 |
| (8) Interest credited to recognized provident fund @ 12% p.a. | Rs. 12,000 |
| (9) A car of 1.8 litre capacity was provided by the employer for office and | |
| private use. | $D_{a} = 1.200$ |
| All expenses of the car are borne by the employer. | Rs.1,300 |
| (10) He paid professional tax— | |
| Compute income under the head salary for the Assessment Year 2021–22. | |



Max.: 100 Marks

10X2= 20 MARKS

4X10= 40 MARKS

13. Mr. Rajesh, an advocate, furnishes the following Receipts & Payments A/c for the Previous Year 2020–2021

Receipts & Payments A/c

| Receipts & Payments A/c | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Receipts | Rs. | Payments | Rs. | | |
| To Opening Balances To Legal Fees To Interest on Debentures To Rent from Property To Gifts from Clients To Examiner's Fees To Special Commission Fees | $7,000 \\ 1,24,000 \\ 18,000 \\ 24,000 \\ 30,000 \\ 24,000 \\ 15,000$ | By Rent By Stationery By Books (annual publications) By Travelling Expenses By Telephone By Income Tax By Office Expenses By LIC Premium By Donations By Motor Car Expenses By Purchase of Court Fees Stamps By Balance c/d | $\begin{array}{c} 18,000\\ 4,800\\ 6,000\\ 18,000\\ 16,600\\ 12,400\\ 19,200\\ 3,200\\ 6,000\\ 12,800\\ 9,000\\ 1,16,000\\ \end{array}$ | | |
| | 2,42,000 | | 2,42,000 | | |

Additional Information:

- Closing stock of stationery— 600.
- Closing stock of court stamps— 1,800.
- Gifts from clients include— 6,000 received from his mother.
- Donation is given to National Children Fund.
- 1/4th of motor car expenses is for personal use.

Compute the professional income of Mr. Rajesh.

14. What do you mean by capital assets? And explain its different types.

15. Mr. D is employed as an accountant in an office in Guwahati. He furnishes the following particulars related to the Previous Year 2020–2021:

| (1) Salary | Rs. 41,000 p.m. |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| (2) Income from let-out house | Rs. 9,000 p.m. |
| (3) Income from cloth business | Rs. 55,000 |
| (4) Interest on savings Bank Account | Rs. 18,000 |
| (5) Dividend from Indian Company | Rs. 10,000 |
| (6) Dividend from foreign company | Rs. 70,000 |
| (7) Short-term capital gain | Rs. 9,000 |
| (8) Long-term capital gain | Rs. 15,000 |
| (9) Winning from lottery (net) | Rs. 35,000 |
| | |

During the previous year, Mr. D had contributed Rs.12, 000 towards recognized provident fund. He has also made donations to a political party (by cheque) Rs.5, 000; Assam Govt.CM Relief Fund Rs.15, 000 and PM's National Relief FundRs.10,000. Compute total taxable income of Mr. D for the Assessment Year 2021–22.

16. Explain the Admissible deductions under Business and profession.

17. Following are the particulars of taxable income of Sri Arjun for the previous year ended 31st March 2021:

- a) Royalty received from Govt. Of India Rs. 24,000
- b) Income from business earned in Afghanistan Rs. 25,000 of which Rs. 15,000 were received in India. Business is controlled from India.
- c) Interest received from Sri Kumar, a non-resident against a loan provided to him to run a business in

India Rs. 5,000.

- d) Royalty received from Sri Al-Aftan, a resident for technical services provided to run a business outside India Rs. 20,000
- e) Income from business in Jaipur Rs 40,000; this business is controlled from France Rs. 20,000 were remitted to France.

Find out the GTI of Sri Arjun for A.Y 2020-21, if he is: (i) R-OR (ii) R-NOR (iii) NR

PART-C

Answer any two questions:

2X20=40 MARKS

- 18. The following are particulars of Mr. Lokesh's income:
- (i) Salary Rs. 2, 14,000 per annum.
- (ii) Dearness Allowance (under the terms of employment) Rs .72, 000 per annum
- (iii) Education allowance (for three children) Rs .5, 200 per annum.
- (iv). Medical allowance (actual expenditure Rs .8000) Rs .9000 per annum.
- (v) Rent free house in a city with population 15 lakhs) for which the company paid Rs .4, 000 per month as rent. The house is furnished and the rent of the furniture is Rs .1, 500 per month.
- (vi) The company spent Rs .4, 000 on her refresher course.
- (vii) The contribution to R.P.F. Rs .28, 000 and employer's contribution 26,000.
- (viii) Professional tax 1,000 paid by Mr Lokesh .Computation of taxable Income from salary for the AY 2021-22.
- 19. Explain the Exemption and relief for house property income.
- 20. The following is the Profit and Loss Account of the Raj Oil Mills for the financial year 2020-21. Compute its business income on the basis of additional information.

Profit and Loss Account

(For the year ended 31st March, 2021)

| Particulars | Rs | Particulars | Rs |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Office Salaries | 15,000 | Gross Profits | 80,000 |
| General Expenses | 7,000 Profit on Sale of car | | 15,000 |
| Bad Debts | 1,000 | Recovery of bad debts | 5,000 |
| Advertising Expenses | 3,700 | Interest on Govt. | 3,500 |
| | | Securities | |
| Insurance Premium (fire) | 1,500 | Dividends | 3,500 |
| Depreciation | 5,000 | Gifts on the occasion | 5,000 |
| Reserve for bad debts | 3,000 | of Gruhapravesam | |
| Donation to a school | 2,500 | | |
| Car Expenses | 2,000 | | |
| Net Profit | 71,300 | | |
| Total | 1,12,000 | Total | 1,12,000 |

Additional information:

- (a) General expenses include:
- (i) Rs 2,500 as compensation paid to an accountant who had to be removed from service in the interest of business, and
- (ii) Rs 3,300 as contribution paid to the Govt. for laying electric cables for the company's plant.
- (b) Depreciation as regards to the relevant blocks of assets under the Income Tax Act was Rs 3,500.
- (c) In the assessment year 2015-16 the Assessing Officer had refused to allow deduction for the bad debts of Rs 5,000 now recovered.
- (d) Car expenses include Rs 500 attributable to use of car for personal work.
- 21. Explain in brief any FIFTEEN incomes which are exempted u/S 10 of the Income-tax Act, 1961