LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034



B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**

FIFTH SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2019

BU 5507 – COST ACCOUNTING

Date: 31-10-2019 Time: 09:00-12:00

 $\mathbf{PART} - \mathbf{A}$

Answer ALL the questions:

(10 x 2 = 20 marks)

Max.: 100 Marks

- 1. Differentiate between a bin card and a stores ledger.
- 2. What is a cost sheet?
- 3. List any 2 methods of absorbing overheads.
- 4. What is batch costing?
- 5. Minimum consumption 150 units per week; maximum consumption 350 units per week; reorder period 2-4 weeks; reorder quantity 1000 units. Calculate maximum level and minimum level.

Dept. No.

6. Compute the prime cost:	Rs.
Direct Material used	82,000
Productive wages	17,000
Royalty paid	11,000
Hire charge of special machines foe the job	13,000

7. Calculate the bonus payable to a worker under Halsey plan and Rowan plan from the following:

Standard time for the job is 10 hours

Standard rate per hour is Rs.12

Time taken to complete the job is 8 hours

- 8. Process A produces 100 litres of main product and 20 litres of by-product after incurring a joint cost of Rs.4000. The by-product is sold for Rs.5 per litre and yields a profit of 20% on sales. Calculate the profit made on A, which is sold at Rs.60 per litre, after incurring Rs.600 separate expenses.
- 9. What is overheads?
- 10. The following details relate to a machine:

Standing charges per month – Rs. 3000 Depreciation per month – Rs. 2000 The machine uses 2 units of power per hour at Rs. 4 per unit The machine works for 25 days in a month and 8 hours per day.

Calculate machine hour rate.

Answer ANY FOUR questions:

PART - B

(4x10=40 marks)

- 11. Differentiate between financial accounting and cost accounting.
- 12. Explain the purchase procedure of buying raw materials in a factory.
- 13. Explain the causes of labour turnover.
- 14. From the following data, calculate (a) Re-order quantity (b) Re-order level (c) Maximum level (d) Minimum level
 - l. Delivery period 2 to 4 days
 - 2. Consumption rate 10 to 20 units per day
 - 3. Ordering cost per order Rs.20
 - 4. Annual requirement 5000 units

19. From the following details of stores receipts and issues of materials prepare the stores

5. Annual storage cost per unit 10% of inventory value.

- 6. Cost per unit Rs.50
- 15. Net profits of Ramesh Industries for the year ended 31.12.2014 as per Cost Account was Rs.1,60,000. However, financial records showed a different net profit. Scrutiny of the books of accounts revealed the following information:

	Rs.
Interest on investments	10,000
Income tax provided	48,000
Loss due to obsolescence	6,800
Bank interest and transfer fees in financial accounts only as expenditure	1,250
Share transfer fees received	6,750
Depreciation charged in financial accounts	18,650
Depreciation charged in cost accounts	21,250
Works overhead under recovered in cost accounts	3,540
Closing stock under-valued in financial accounts	1,410

Prepare a reconciliation statement and show the amount of net profit as per financial accounts.

16. From the following transactions for the month of April, show the stores ledger as they Would appear when using simple average method of pricing issues.

DATE	PARTICULARS	UNITS	PRICE
1	Balance in hand	300	2.00
2	Purchased	200	2.20
4	Issued	150	-
6	purchased	200	2.30
11	Issued	150	-
19	Issued	200	-
22	purchased	200	2.40
27	Issued	150	-

- 17. Calculate machine hour rate from the following:
 - a. Cost of machine Rs. 19,200

Answer ANY TWO questions

- b. Estimated scrap value Rs 1200
- c. Average repairs and maintenance charges per month Rs 150
- d. Standing charges allocated to machine per month Rs.50
- e. Effective working life of machine 10,000 hours.
- f. Running time per month 166 hours.
- g. Power used by machine 5 units per hour @ 19 paisa per unit.

PART - C

(2x20=40 marks)

18. A product passes through three processes A, B and C. 20000 units costing 50 paise per unit was issued to Process A. Other details relating to the processes were as follows:

	А	В	С
Material consumed (Rs.)	6000	4000	2000
Labour(Rs.)	8000	6000	3000
Manufacturing expenses (Rs.)	1000	1000	1500
Percentage of scrap on input	2%	5%	10%
Sale value of scrap per 100 units(Rs.)	5	8	10
Output in units	19500	18800	16000
Prepare Process accounts, Abnormal Lo	oss Account	, Abnormal Ga	in Account ar
Normal Loss Account.			

ledger using weighted average method of valuing the issues for the month of November.

1st opening stock 2000 units @ Rs. 5 each.

- 3rd Issued 1500 units.
- 4th Received 4500 units at Rs 6 each.
- 8th Issued 1600 units
- 9th Returned to stores 100 units from issued dated 3rd.
- 16th Received 2400 units at Rs 6.50 each
- 19th Returned to supplier 200 units out of quantity received on 4th.
- 20th Received 1000 units at Rs 7 each
- 24th Issued 2100 units
- 27th Received 1200 units at Rs 7.50 each
- 29th Issued 2800 units
- 20. Explain the different variations of 'Time Rate System'.
- 21. Prepare the cost sheet to show the total cost of production and cost per unit of goods manufactured by a company for the month of July, 2008. Also find the cost of sales and profit.

Particulars Amount	(Rs)	Particulars Amount	(Rs)
Opening stock of raw materials	3000	Office rent	500
Raw materials purchased	28000	General expenses	400
Closing stock of raw materials	4500	Discount on sales	300
Manufacturing wages	7000	Advertisement exp's to be charged	fully 600
Depreciation on plant	1500	Income tax paid	2000
Loss on sale of a part of plant	300	sales	50000
Factory rent and rates	3000		

The number of units produced during July 2008 was 3000. The stock of finished goods was 200 and 400 units on 1.7.08 and 31.7.08 respectively. The total cost of the units on hand on 1.7.08 was Rs 2800. All these had been sold during the month.

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