| LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034 <br> B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION - COMPUTER APPLICATIONS FIRST SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2022 UCC 1501 - FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date: 21-11-2022 <br> Dept. No. Max. : 100 Marks <br> Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM $\square$ |  |  |  |
| SECTION A |  |  |  |
| Answer ALL the Questions in one or two sentences |  |  |  |
|  | Define the following 5 $51=$ | $5 \times 1=5$ marks |  |
|  | Dual Aspect Concept | K1 | CO1 |
| ii. | Donations | K1 | CO1 |
| iii. | BRS | K1 | CO1 |
| iv. | Salvage Value | K1 | CO1 |
| v. | One feature of Single entry system | K1 | CO1 |
| 2. | Fill in the blanks 5 5X1=5 | 5X1=5 marks |  |
| i. | All business transactions are measured, expressed and recorded in terms of ___ | K1 | CO1 |
| ii. | Amount received by Non-profit organization as per the will of a deceased person is called _. $\qquad$ | K1 | CO1 |
| iii. | If cash book balance was the starting balance, the final balance must be the balance as per the $\qquad$ and vice versa. | K1 | CO1 |
| iv. | Stock salvaged is subtracted from $\qquad$ and claim is made for the balance amount. | K1 | CO1 |
| v. | A statement of affairs is just like a | K1 | CO1 |
| 3. | True or False $5 \mathbf{5 X 1 = 5}$ | 1=5 marks |  |
| i. | Additional Capital provided by the owner during the year may be in cash or in the form of assets or goods. | K2 | CO1 |
| ii. | Memorandum Trading account can be prepared for the period from the beginning of the year till the date of fire. | K2 | CO1 |
| iii. | Customer's account is maintained in the books of banker. | K2 | CO1 |
| iv. | Income and Expenditure $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ is a nominal account. | K2 | CO1 |
| v. | Advertising samples are deducted from the purchases | K2 | CO1 |
| 4. | Match the following $\mathbf{X X 1}=5$ | mar |  |
| i. | GP ratio Marketable securities | K2 | CO1 |
| ii. | Royalty Unfavourable balance in bank | K2 | CO1 |
| iii. | Conversion method Double entry system | K2 | CO1 |
| iv. | Overdraft Sales | K2 | CO1 |

## SECTION B

## Answer any TWO of the following

( $\mathbf{2} \times 10=20$ marks)
5.

| From the following balance as at 31 st December 2020 of a trader, prepare trading and profit and loss account for the year 2020 and balance sheet on date: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trial Balance |  |  |  |
| Salaries | 5500 | creditors | 9500 |
| Rent | 1300 | sales | 32000 |
| Cash | 1000 | capital | 30000 |
| Debtors | 40000 | loans | 10000 |
| Trade expenses | 600 |  |  |
| Purchases | 25000 |  |  |
| Advances | 2500 |  |  |
| Bank balance | 5600 |  |  |
|  | 81500 |  | 81500 |

## Adjustments

1) The closing stock amounted to Rs 9000
2) One month's salary is outstanding
3) One month's rent has been paid in advance
4) Provide $5 \%$ for doubtful debts
6. Ragunath'cash book showed a bank balance of Rs 8800 to his credit(favourable balance) on 31st Dec 1993.On examining the entries with pass book it was found that:
7. Out of the two cheques issued to Rajaram on 27-12-1993 one for Rs. 860 and another for RS. 680, the cheque for Rs. 680 was cashed only on 2-1-1994
8. Out of the three cheques deposited in the bank for collection on 26-121993 for Rs.300, Rs. 400 and Rs. 500 respectively, the cheque for Rs. 400 only was collected by 31-12-1993
9. There was credit in the pass book for Rs. 75 towards interest collected directly by the bankers on behalf of Ragunath and a debit in the same book for Rs. 15 towards collection charge but no corresponding entries were found in the cash book
10. A cheque for Rs. 250 was entered in the cash book but was omitted by, oversight to be deposited into the bank for collection.
11. A wrong credit for Rs. 225 relating to some other account was found in the pass book.

Prepare a bank reconciliation statement as on 31-12-1993 showing the pass book balance


| 11. | A company purchased on 1-1-2010 second hand machinery for Rs. 84,000 and <br> spent Rs. 6,000 on its repairs. On 1-4-2011, additional machinery costing Rs. <br> 60,000 was purchased. On 1-7-2012, the machinery purchased on 1-1-2010 <br> became obsolete and was sold off for Rs. 60,000. | C3 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Depreciation was provided annually on 31st December @ 10\% per annum on the <br> original cost of the asset. At the end of 2012, the company changed this method <br> of providing depreciation and adopted the method of writing off 15 \% on written <br> down value. Show the machinery A/C for the years 2010 - 2012. | K4 | CO3 |
| 12. | Distinguish between Double Entry and Single Entry system. |  |  |

## SECTION D

Answer any One of the following
( $1 \times 20=20$ marks)
13. From the following particulars of Ajay Sharma, prepare the manufacturing, trading, and Profit and Loss A/c for the year ended 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Dec 2016 and a balance sheet as on that date:
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|r|l|r|}\hline & \text { Rs. } & & \text { Rs. } \\ \hline \text { Capital (1-1-2016) } & 732000 & \text { Factory building } & 200000 \\ \hline \text { Drawings } & 100000 \text { Furniture and fixtures } & 51500 \\ \hline \text { Purchases } & 2105000 \text { Plant and machinery } & 95000 \\ \hline \text { Rates and taxes } & 25000 \text { Sundry debtors } & 187000 \\ \hline & 100000 & \text { 4\% govt promissory notes } \\ \text { subscribed on 1.1.96 }\end{array}\right)$
5. An amount of Rs. 5000 received in respect of a private loan advanced by the proprietor which was wrongly credited to sundry debtors a/c
6. Purchase invoices of the value of Rs. 75000 were entered in the purchase day book on $29^{\text {th }}$ December 2016 but the goods in respect thereof, were received on $3^{\text {rd }}$ January 2017
7. An amount of Rs. 3500 received from a debtor was wrongly credited to sales a/c.
8. The annual interest on Government Promissory notes accrued due on $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2016 but was only collected in 2017.
9. Carriages include Rs. 8000 towards outwards charges.
10. Stock in trade as on 31-12-2016. Raw materials Rs. 50000; Finished goods Rs. 40000.
14. A summary of Receipts and Payments of Madras Sports club for one year is given below:

Receipts and Payments A/c for the year ended 31-12-2017.

| Receipts | Rs. | Payments | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Opening balance | 3,000 | By Salaries\&Rent | 1500 |
| To Subscription | 20,000 | By Sports expenses | 1000 |
| To Donations | 5,000 | By Electric charges | 300 |
| To Entance fees | 1,000 | By Sports goods purchased | 9,000 |
| To Interest | 100 | By Miscellaneous expeses | 700 |
| To Charity show receipts | 2,400 | By Charity show expenses | 2,000 |
|  |  | By Investment | 8,000 |
|  | By Closing balance | 9,000 |  |
|  | 31,500 |  | 31500 |

## Following information is available at the end of the year:

(a) Of the total subscription received, Rs. 500 is for 2016, ad Rs. 600 for 2018, but Rs. 100 is due for 2017.
(b) Total sum received on Entrance fees is to be capitalised.
(c) Salary outstanding is Rs. 300 .
(d) Interest on investment is receivable at Rs.500. The club had the following assets as on 1-1-2017.
Sports goods Rs. 3,000; Books Rs. 2,000; Investment Rs. 6,000;
Amount written off sports goods during the year Rs. 1,500. Market value of investments gone down by Rs. 500 .
Prepare Income and expenditure $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ and Balance sheet as on 31-12-2017.

## SECTION E

Answer any One of the following
15. From the following extracts from the cash book and the bank pass book of Mani

K6 CO5 and Co., prepare reconciliation statement as on $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2016.

| Cash Book |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Particulars | Amount | Date | Particulars | Amount |
|  |  | Rs |  |  | Rs |
| 2016 |  |  | 2016 |  |  |
| Dec 1 T | To Balance b/d | 2500 | 4-Dec | By Govindan | 2600 |
| 10 | To Kandan | 5000 | 8 | By Raghu | 3000 |
| 15 | To Sathish | 6500 | 10 | By Sasikala | 3500 |
| 20 T | To Ramalingam | 3460 | 15 | By AB and Co. | 2500 |
| 25 | To Ramesh | 3240 | 25 | By Babu | 1600 |
|  |  |  | 30 | By Gopu | 2000 |
|  |  |  | 31 By | By Balance c/d | 5500 |
|  |  | 20700 |  |  | 20700 |
| Bank Pass Book |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Particulars | Amount | Date | Particulars | Amount |
|  |  | Rs |  |  | Rs |
| 2016 | C To Kaliyamurthy | 2400 | 2016 |  |  |
| 4-Dec |  |  | Dec. 1 | 1 By Balance b/d | 4900 |


|  | To Raghu | 3000 | 14 | By Kandan | 5000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | To AB and Co. | 2500 | 28 | By <br> Ramalingam | 3460 |
| 29 | To Babu | 1600 |  |  |  |
| 30 | To Govindan | 2600 |  |  |  |
| 31 | To Balance c/d | 1260 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 13360 |  |  | 13360 |

16. Mr. X has maintained his books by single entry method. From the following details calculate profit for the year and a statement of affairs at the end of the year.
Rs. 1,000 (Cost) furniture was sold for Rs. 5,000 on 1.1.2018. 10\% depreciation is to be charged on furniture. Mr. X has drawn Rs. 1,000 p.m. Rs. 2,000 was invested by Mr. X in 2018 as further capital.

| Details | $1-1-2018 ~ R s$ | $31-12-2019$ Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Stock | 40000 | 60000 |
| Debtors | 30000 | 40000 |
| Cash | 2000 | 1000 |
| Bank | 10000 | 5000 (overdraft) |
| Creditors | 15000 | 25000 |
| Outstanding exper | 5000 | 8000 |
| Furniture (cost) | 3000 | 2000 |

Bank balance on 1.1.2018 is as per cash book but the bank overdraft 31.12.2018 is as per bank statement. Rs. 2,000 cheques drawn in Dec. 2018 not been encashed within the year.

