LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION - COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

FIFTH SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2022

UCC 5503 - ELEMENTS OF COST ACCOUNTING

| Date: 30-11-2022 | Dept. No. | Max. : 100 Marks |
|------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 | NOON L | |

Answer all the questions

PART – A

(10x2=20 Marks)

1. Calculate raw materials consumed

Raw materials purchased Rs. 80,000

Stock of material scrap Rs 1,000

Opening stock of raw materials Rs 12,000

Closing stock of raw materials Rs 21,000

- 2. Write the formula to calculate EBQ.
- 3. Define Cost.
- 4. What is abnormal gain?
- 5. Write a note of prime cost.
- 6. What is notional profit?
- 7. Ascertain the cost of Job N0.305

Prime cost Rs. 8.000

Factory overhead 10% of prime cost

Administration overhead 20% of works cost.

- 8. What is work-in-progress?
- 9. Expand FIFO and LIFO.
- 10. How do you calculate Labour turnover?

Part B Answer ANY FOUR questions (4x10=40 Marks)

- 11.A.) During a week a worker produced 300units working for 48hrs. The hourly rate is Rs.4. The estimated time to produce a unit is 10mins. Under incentive scheme 20% additional time is allowed. Calculate the gross earnings under Halsey and Rowan plans.
 - B.) Ragavendra Metal Company gives the following information:-

Number of employees on 1-4-1999 : 200

Number of employees on 31-3-2000: 240

Number of employees resigned : 20

Number of employees discharged : 5

Number of employees replaced : 18

Calculate labour turnover by applying three methods.

12. Two components X and Y are used as follows:

Normal usage: 4,500 units per week each Minimum usage: 2,250 units per week each Maximum usage: 6,750 units per week each

Reorder quantity X--19,500 units Y—21,000 units

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Reorder period:

X--3 to 5 weeks

Y--2 to 4 weeks

Calculate for each of the components:

- (a) Reorder level (b) Minimum level (c) Maximum level
- 13. Prepare a store ledger A/c by adopting the weighted average method of pricing.

1997

Sept 1 Opening Balance 50 Units at Rs. 3 per unit.

4 Issued 2 units

8 Purchased 48 units at Rs.4 per unit

9 Issued 20 units

15 Purchased 76 units at Rs.3 per unit

22 Received back into stores 19 units out of 20 units issued on sept 9th

30 Issued to production 10 units

14. Work out the machine hour rate for the following machine:

Cost of machine Rs.95,000

Installation charges Rs.10,000

Scrap value after 10 years Rs.5,000

Working hours per month 200 hours

Lighting Rs.150 per month

Rent Rs.200 per month

Insurance premium Rs.500 per month

Repair charge 50% of depreciation

Other standing charges Rs.1,000 per month

Power 10 units per hour at Rs.10 per 100 units.

15. The following expenses were incurred on an unfinished contract during the accounting year 2010.

Materials - Rs. 90,000

Wages- Rs. 80,000

Other Expenses- Rs. 5,000

Rs. 2,00,000 was received from the contractee, being 80% of the work certified. Work done but not certified was Rs. 5,000. Determine the profit to be credited to profit and loss account in all the three alternatives given below:

- (i) Contract Price Rs. 3.00.000
- (ii) Contract Price Rs. 5,50,000
- (iii) Contract Price Rs. 12s,00,000
- 16.Difference between process costing and job costing.
- 17. Differentiate Financial accounting and Cost accounting.

Part-C Answer ANY TWO questions

(2x20=40 Marks)

18. Prepare a statement showing cost and profit from the following details showing (a) prime cost (b) works cost (c) cost of production and (d) cost of sales and (e) profit

| Direct wages | 1,50,000 | Direct material | 5,00,000 |
|--------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
|--------------|----------|-----------------|----------|

| Power | 2,500 | Oil and water | 2,500 |
|----------------------|----------|-----------------------|--------|
| Store keeper wages | 5,000 | Transfer to general | 5,000 |
| | | reserve | |
| Factory rent | 25,000 | Foreman salary | 12,500 |
| Office rent | 12,500 | Factor y lighting | 7,500 |
| Repair factory | 17,500 | Office lighting | 2,500 |
| Repair office | 2,500 | Depreciation-factory | 2,500 |
| | | plant | |
| Goodwill written off | 2,500 | Depreciation – office | 6,250 |
| | | building | |
| Consumable stores | 12,500 | Managers ssalary | 25,000 |
| Directors fees | 6,250 | Office stationery | 2,500 |
| Telephone rent | 625 | postage | 1,250 |
| Salesman salary | 6,250 | Travelling expense | 2,500 |
| Advertisement | 6,250 | Warehouse rent | 2,500 |
| Income tax | 50,000 | Dividend paid 10,000 | |
| sales | 9,47,500 | | |

19. The following information is extracted from the stores ledger:

| Sept | 1 Opening balance | 500 units @ Rs.10 | Issues of materials: |
|------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | 6 Purchases | 100 units @ Rs.11 | |
| | 20 Purchases | 700 units @ Rs.12 | Sept 9 - 500 units |
| | 27 purchases | 400 units @ Rs.13 | 22- 500 units |
| Oct | 13 purchases | 1000 units @ Rs.14 | 30 -500 units |
| | 20 purchases | 500 units @ Rs.15 | Oct 15- 500 units |
| Nov | 17 purchases | 400 units @ Rs.16 | 22- 500 units |
| | | | Nov 11- 500 units |

Issues are to be priced on the principle of 'FIFO'. Write the stores ledger account.

- 20. From the following particulars work out the earnings for the week of a worker under:
- (a) Straight piece rate;
- (b) Differential piece rate;
- (c) Halsey premium system;
- (d) Rowan system;

Number of working hours per week = 48hrs;

Wages per hour = Rs.3.75;

Normal time per piece = 20minutes;

Rate per piece = Rs.1.50;

Normal output per week = 120pieces;

Actual output = 150pieces;

Differential piece rate: 80% of piece rate when output is below standard and 120% when above standard.

21. In A Light Engg. Factory, the following particulars have been collected for the 3 months period ending 31-12-1984. You are required to prepare production overhead distribution overhead summary showing clearly the basis of apportionment where necessary.

| | Production Dept. | | Service Dept. | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|--------|---------------|------------|-------|
| Particulars | A | В | С | D | Е |
| Direct wages(Rs.) | 2,000 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 1,000 | 2,000 |
| Direct material(Rs.) | 1,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| Staff(Nos.) | 100 | 150 | 150 | 50 | 50 |
| Electricity(kwh) | 4,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Light Points(Nos.) | 10 | 16 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| Asset Value(Rs.) Area | 60,000 | 40,000 | 30,000 | 10,00 0 | 10,00 |
| occupied(Sq.m) | 150 | 250 | 50 | 50 | 50 |

The expenses for the period were:

Motive power Rs.550; lighting power Rs.100; Stores overheads Rs.400; Amenties to staff Rs.1500; depreciation Rs.15000; Repairs and maintanencers.3000; General overheads Rs.6000; rent & taxes Rs.275. Apportion the expenses of service departments E in proportion of 3:3:4 and those of service departments D in the ratio of 3:1:1 to the department A,B and C reptly

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