## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034

B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION - COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

FIFTH SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2022
UCC 5503 - ELEMENTS OF COST ACCOUNTING

Date: 30-11-2022
Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON $\square$

## PART - A <br> Answer all the questions

(10x2=20 Marks)

1. Calculate raw materials consumed

Raw materials purchased Rs. 80,000
Stock of material scrap Rs 1,000
Opening stock of raw materials Rs 12,000
Closing stock of raw materials Rs 21,000
2. Write the formula to calculate EBQ.
3. Define Cost.
4. What is abnormal gain?
5. Write a note of prime cost.
6. What is notional profit?
7. Ascertain the cost of Job N0. 305

Prime cost Rs. 8,000
Factory overhead $10 \%$ of prime cost
Administration overhead $20 \%$ of works cost.
8. What is work-in-progress?
9. Expand FIFO and LIFO.
10.How do you calculate Labour turnover?

## Part B <br> Answer ANY FOUR questions (4x10=40 Marks)

11.A.) During a week a worker produced 300 units working for 48 hrs. The hourly rate is Rs.4. The estimated time to produce a unit is 10 mins . Under incentive scheme $20 \%$ additional time is allowed. Calculate the gross earnings under Halsey and Rowan plans.
B.) Ragavendra Metal Company gives the following information:-

Number of employees on 1-4-1999 : 200
Number of employees on 31-3-2000: 240
Number of employees resigned : 20
Number of employees discharged : 5
Number of employees replaced : 18
Calculate labour turnover by applying three methods.
12. Two components X and Y are used as follows:

Normal usage: 4,500 units per week each
Minimum usage: 2,250 units per week each
Maximum usage: 6,750 units per week each
Reorder quantity
X--19,500 units
$\mathrm{Y}-21,000$ units

Reorder period:
X--3 to 5 weeks
Y--2 to 4 weeks
Calculate for each of the components:
(a) Reorder level (b) Minimum level (c) Maximum level
13. Prepare a store ledger $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ by adopting the weighted average method of pricing.

1997

| Sept | 1 | Opening Balance | 50 Units at Rs. 3 per unit. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 4 | Issued | 2 units |
| 8 | Purchased | 48 units at Rs. 4 per unit |  |
| 9 | Issued | 20 units |  |
|  | 15 | Purchased | 76 units at Rs. 3 per unit |
|  | 22 | Received back into stores 19 units out of 20 units issued on sept $9^{\text {th }}$ |  |
|  | 30 | Issued to production 10 units |  |

14. Work out the machine hour rate for the following machine :

Cost of machine
Installation charges
Scrap value after 10 years
Working hours per month
Lighting
Rent
Insurance premium
Repair charge
Other standing charges

$$
\text { Rs. } 95,000
$$

Rs.10,000
Rs.5,000
200 hours
Rs. 150 per month
Rs. 200 per month
Rs. 500 per month
$50 \%$ of depreciation
Rs.1,000 per month
Power 10 units per hour at
Rs. 10 per 100 units.
15. The following expenses were incurred on an unfinished contract during the accounting year 2010.

Materials - Rs. 90,000
Wages- Rs. 80,000
Other Expenses- Rs. 5,000
Rs. 2,00,000 was received from the contractee, being $80 \%$ of the work certified. Work done but not certified was Rs. 5,000. Determine the profit to be credited to profit and loss account in all the three alternatives given below:
(i) Contract Price Rs. 3,00,000
(ii) Contract Price Rs. $5,50,000$
(iii) Contract Price Rs. $12 \mathrm{~s}, 00,000$
16. Difference between process costing and job costing.
17.Differentiate Financial accounting and Cost accounting.

## Part-C <br> Answer ANY TWO questions

(2x20=40 Marks)
18. Prepare a statement showing cost and profit from the following details showing (a) prime cost (b) works cost (c) cost of production and (d) cost of sales and (e) profit

| Direct wages | $1,50,000$ | Direct material | $5,00,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Power | 2,500 | Oil and water | 2,500 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Store keeper wages | 5,000 | Transfer to general <br> reserve | 5,000 |
| Factory rent | 25,000 | Foreman salary | 12,500 |
| Office rent | 12,500 | Factor y lighting | 7,500 |
| Repair factory | 17,500 | Office lighting | 2,500 |
| Repair office | 2,500 | Depreciation-factory <br> plant | 2,500 |
| Goodwill written off | 2,500 | Depreciation - office <br> building | 6,250 |
| Consumable stores | 12,500 | Managers ssalary | 25,000 |
| Directors fees | 6,250 | Office stationery | 2,500 |
| Telephone rent | 625 | postage | 1,250 |
| Salesman salary | 6,250 | Travelling expense | 2,500 |
| Advertisement | 6,250 | Warehouse rent | 2,500 |
| Income tax | 50,000 | Dividend paid | 10,000 |
| sales | $9,47,500$ |  |  |

19. The following information is extracted from the stores ledger:

Sept 1 Opening balance
6 Purchases
20 Purchases
27 purchases
Oct 13 purchases
20 purchases
Nov 17 purchases

500 units @ Rs. 10
100 units @ Rs. 11
700 units @ Rs. 12
400 units @ Rs. 13
1000 units @ Rs. 14
500 units @ Rs. 15
400 units @ Rs. 16

Issues of materials:
Sept 9-500 units
22- 500 units
30-500 units
Oct 15-500 units
22-500 units
Nov 11-500 units

Issues are to be priced on the principle of 'FIFO'. Write the stores ledger account.
20. From the following particulars work out the earnings for the week of a worker under:
(a) Straight piece rate;
(b) Differential piece rate;
(c) Halsey premium system;
(d) Rowan system;

Number of working hours per week $=48 \mathrm{hrs}$;
Wages per hour $=$ Rs.3.75;
Normal time per piece $=20$ minutes;
Rate per piece $=$ Rs. 1.50 ;
Normal output per week $=120$ pieces;
Actual output $=150$ pieces;
Differential piece rate: $80 \%$ of piece rate when output is below standard and $120 \%$ when above standard.
21. In A Light Engg. Factory, the following particulars have been collected for the 3 months period ending 31-12-1984.You are required to prepare production overhead distribution overhead summary showing clearly the basis of apportionment where necessary.

|  | Production Dept. |  |  | Service Dept. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Particulars | A | B | C | D | E |
| Direct wages(Rs.) | 2,000 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 1,000 | 2,000 |
| Direct |  |  |  |  |  |
| material(Rs.) | 1,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| Staff(Nos.) | 100 | 150 | 150 | 50 | 50 |
| Electricity(kwh) | 4,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Light Points(Nos.) | 10 | 16 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| Asset Value(Rs.) | 60,000 | 40,000 | 30,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Area |  |  |  |  |  |
| occupied(Sq.m) | 150 | 250 | 50 | 50 | 50 |

The expenses for the period were:
Motive power Rs. 550 ; lighting power Rs.100;Stores overheads Rs.400;Amenties to staff
Rs.1500;depreciation Rs.15000;Repairs and maintanencers.3000;General overheads Rs.6000;rent \&taxes
Rs.275.Apportion the expenses of service departments E in proportion of 3:3:4 and those of service departments $D$ in the ratio of $3: 1: 1$ to the department $A, B$ and $C$ reptly

