



Date: 26-04-2018

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 09:00-12:00

PART – A

Answer ALL questions:

(10 X 2 = 20)

1. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$.
2. Write the binomial expansion of $(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^5$.
3. Prove that $\sin(ix) = i \sinh x$.
4. Show that $\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x = 1$
5. Find the eigen values of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
6. State Cayley- Hamilton theorem.
7. Write the polar of any point (x_1, y_1) and the pole of the line $Ax + By + C = 0$ with respect to the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$
8. Define conjugate diameters of the ellipse.
9. Show that the sum of the squares of two conjugate semi diameters of an ellipse is constant.
10. Write the polar equation of a straight line.

PART – B

Answer any FIVE questions:

(5 X 8 = 40)

11. Expand $\sin^3 \theta \cos^5 \theta$ in terms of multiples of θ .
12. If $\frac{\tan \theta}{\theta} = \frac{2524}{2523}$ prove that $\theta = 1^\circ 58'$ approximately.
13. Prove that $\sinh^{-1} x = \log_e \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right)$
14. Separate into real and imaginary parts $\tan^{-1}(x + iy)$
15. Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 & 6 \\ -2 & -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$.
16. Find the locus of the poles all tangents to the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ with respect to the parabola $y^2 = 4bx$.
17. Find the asymptotes of the hyperbola $3x^2 - 5xy - 2y^2 + 17x + y + 14 = 0$.
18. Find the locus of the foot of the perpendiculars drawn from the pole to the tangents to the circle $r = 2a \cos \theta$.

PART- C

Answer Any TWO Questions:

(2 X 20 = 40)

19. a. Expand $\cos 8\theta$ in terms of sines of multiples of θ

b. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan 2x - 2 \tan x}{x^3}$. **(10 + 10)**

20. a. If $\cos(x + iy) = \cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha$, prove that $\cos 2x + \cosh 2y = 2$

b. Reduce $(x + iy)^{x+iy}$ to the form $A + iB$. **(10 + 10)**

21. Diagonalize the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

22. a. If e, e_1 are the eccentricities of a hyperbola and its conjugate show that $\frac{1}{e^2} + \frac{1}{e_1^2} = 1$

b. Trace the curve $\frac{12}{r} = 4 + \sqrt{3} \cos \theta + \sin \theta$ **(10 + 10)**
