LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034 **U.G.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **STATISTICS** FIRST SEMESTER – APRIL 2022 16/17/18UMT1AL02 – MATHEMATICS FOR STATISTICS - I Date: 27-06-2022 Dept. No. Max.: 100 Marks Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON PART A Answer ALL the questions: (10 X 2 = 20)1. Define scalar matrix. 2. Find the conjugate of the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1+i & 2+3i & 2\\ 3-4i & 4+5i & 1\\ 5 & 3 & 3-i \end{pmatrix}$. 3. Define eigen vectors. 4. State Cayley Hamilton theorem. 5. If $y = (2x^2 + 4)^3$, find $\frac{dy}{dx^2}$ 6. Differentiate x^4 with regard to $\log(x + 2)$. 7. Prove that the function $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 6$ is positive for all value of $x \ge 2$. 8. Find the first order partial differential coefficients of u = log(ax + by). 9. Evaluate $\int \left(4x^3 - 2x + \frac{3}{x^3}\right) dx$. 10. State any two properties of definite integrals. PART B Answer any FIVE questions: (5 X 8 = 40)11. Prove that $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^2 & b^2 & b^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a).$ 12. Find the inverse of the matrix $B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. 13. Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. 14. Find the differential coefficient of $y = \frac{(x^2-1)^{4/5} (3x+5)^{2/7} e^{3x}}{(x-9)^{1/2}(2x-7)^4}$ with respect to x. 15. Show that for x > 0, $x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 < \log(1 + x) < x$. 16. Verify Euler's theorem for the function $u = x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 3xyz$. 17. Evaluate $\int \frac{2x+3}{x^2+x+1} dx$. 18. Prove that $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(\sin x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(\sin x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + (\cos x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}.$

PART C
Answer any TWO questions:
(2 X 20 = 40)
19. (a) Show that the matrix
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{-2}{\sqrt{6}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$
 is orthogonal.
(b) Solve $x + y + z + 1 = 0$; $x + 2y + 3z + 4 = 0$; $x + 3y + 4z + 6 = 0$ using Cramer's rule.
(10+10)
20. (a) Find the characteristic roots and associated characteristic vectors of the matrix
 $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$.
(b) For what values of x is the curve $y = 3x^2 - 2x^3$ concave upwards and when is it convex upwards?
(15+5)
21. Find the maximum or minimum values of the function $u = 2(x^2 - y^2) - x^4 + y^4$. (20)
22. (a) Evaluate $\int x^2 e^x dx$.

(b). Evaluate
$$\int \frac{3x+1}{(x-1)^2(x+3)} dx.$$
 (5+15)

###########