# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034 

## B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - MATHEMATICS

FIRST SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2022
UMT 1501 - ALGEBRA
(19, 20 BATCH)
Date: 24-11-2022
Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM $\qquad$

## PART - A

(Answer all Questions)
$(10 \times 2=20)$

1. Form a quadratic equation, given that $-2+\sqrt{-7}$ is a root.
2. Find the sum of the roots of equation $x^{4}-2 x^{3}+4 x^{2}+6 x-2=0$.
3. Find the number of real roots of the equation $x^{3}+18 x-6=0$.
4. Show that the equation $x^{5}-6 x^{2}-4 x+5=0$ cannot have more than one negative root.
5. Find the value of $\frac{e+e^{-1}}{2}$ and $\frac{e-e^{-1}}{2}$
6. Write the expansion of $\log (1+x)$ and $-\log (1-x)$.
7. State Cayley-Hamilton theorem.
8. Find the characteristic equation of the matrix $\left(\begin{array}{cc}8 & -4 \\ 2 & 2\end{array}\right)$.
9. Find the number of integers less than and prime to 729.

10 . Find the number and the sum of all divisors of 360 .

## PART - B

## ( Answer any 5 Questions )

( $05 \times 8=40$ )
11. Find $\frac{1}{\alpha^{2}}+\frac{1}{\beta^{2}}+\frac{1}{\gamma^{2}}$, where $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ are the roots of the equation $x^{3}+2 x^{2}-3 x-1=0$.
12. Diminish the roots of the equation $x^{4}-5 x^{3}+7 x^{2}-4 x+5=0$ by 2 and write the transformed equation.
13. Find the sum to infinity of the series $1+\frac{2}{6}+\frac{2.5}{6.12}+\frac{2 \cdot 5.8}{6.12 .18}+\ldots$. .
14. Find the sum to infinity the series $1+\frac{1+2}{2!}+\frac{1+2+2^{2}}{3!}+\frac{1+2+2^{2}+2^{3}}{4!}+\ldots$.
15. Find the characteristic equation of the matrix $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 2\end{array}\right]$ and hence find its inverse.
16. Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}8 & -1 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3\end{array}\right]$.
17. Show that $13^{2 n+1}+9^{2 n+1}$ is divisible by 22 .
18. State and prove Fermat's theorem.

## PART - C

## (Answer any 2 Questions)

19. a) Solve the equation $81 x^{3}-18 x^{2}-36 x+8=0$, whose roots are in hormonic progression.
b) Solve the equation $x^{5}+4 x^{4}+3 x^{3}+3 x^{2}+4 x+1=0$.
(10 Marks )
20. a) Calculate the roots of the equation $x^{3}-3 x+1=0$ to two places of decimal which lies between 1 and 2 by using Horner's method.
b) Solve the equation $x^{3}-9 x^{2}+108=0$ using Cardon's method.
21.a) Show that $\log \sqrt{12}=1+\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}\right) \frac{1}{4}+\left(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{5}\right) \frac{1}{4^{2}}+\left(\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{7}\right) \frac{1}{4^{3}}+\cdots$.
b) State Wilson's theorem and prove that $18!+1$ is divisible by 437 .
(10 Marks)
21. Diagonalize the matrix $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}2 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1\end{array}\right]$.
