# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

**B.Sc.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **MATHEMATICS** 

FIFTH SEMESTER – **NOVEMBER 2022** 

### UMT 5601 – GRAPH THEORY

SECTION - A

Date: 30-11-2022 Dept. No. Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON

### **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS:**

- 1. Differentiate complete and connected graphs.
- 2. Define Euler graph.
- 3. When a vertex is said to be incident and adjacent.
- 4. What is a Null graph? Give one example.
- 5. Define Hamiltonian path.
- 6. When a graph is said to be a Unicursal line?
- 7. A graph with atleast one vertex is also called a tree. True or False. Justify.
- 8. Prove that T is a tree if there is one and only path between every pair of vertices in a graph G.
- 9. Show that every bi-partite graph is 2 chromatic.
- 10. Define digraph.

#### SECTION – B

#### **ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:**

- 11. Prove "A graph G is disconnected if and only if its vertex set V can be partitioned into two nonempty, disjoint subsets  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  such that there exists no edge in G whose one end vertex is in subset  $v_1$  and the other in subset  $v_2$ ".
- 12. Find the maximum and minimum degree of the following graphs:



- 13. If *n* is an odd number and  $n \ge 3$ , prove that in a complete graph with *n* vertices there are (n 1)/2 edge-disjoint Hamiltonian circuits.
- 14. A tree with n vertices has n 1 edges. Justify.
- 15. Show that every circuit has a even number of edges in common without any cut set.
- 16. Prove that the vertex connectivity of a graph cannot exceed the edge connectivity of G.
- 17. Show that the complete bipartite graph  $K_{3,3}$  is non-planar.
- 18. Prove that a graph with at least one edge is 2 chromatic if and only if it has no cycles of odd length.

# $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

#### (10 x 2 = 20)

Max. : 100 Marks

#### **SECTION – C**

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:	$(2 \times 20 = 40)$
19. (a) Show that a simple graph with <i>n</i> vertices and <i>k</i> components can have at most $\frac{(n-1)^2}{(n-1)^2}$	$\frac{(k-k)(n-k+1)}{2}$ edges.
(b) Show that the number of vertices of odd degree in a graph G is always even wit	h <i>n</i> vertices and <i>e</i>
edges.	(15+5)
20. (a) Prove that a connected graph $G$ is an Euler graph if and only if all the vertices of	f $G$ is even.
(b) Show that a graph G with n vertices and n-1 edges and no cycles is connected.	
	(10+10)
21. (a) Prove that the ring sum of any two cut-sets in a graph is either a third cut-set or	an edge disjoint
union of cut-sets.	
(b) Show that the maximum vertex connectivity of a graph $G$ with $n$ vertices and $e$	edges is the
integral part of $\frac{2e}{n}$ .	(10+10)
22. (a) State and prove Euler's formula.	
(b) Show that an $n$ – vertex graph is a tree iff its chromatic polynomial is $P_n(n)$	$\lambda) = \lambda(\lambda - 1)^{n-1}.$

(10+10)

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2