## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

**B.Sc.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **MATHEMATICS** 

FIRST SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2022

## **UPH 1301 – PHYSICS FOR MATHEMATICS**

Date: 01-12-2022 Dep Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM

Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

**SECTION - A** Answer ALL the Questions Define the following. 1.  $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ Projectile motion K1 CO1 a) Gravitational potential K1 CO1 b) K1 Inertial and non-inertial frames of reference CO1 c) Poisson's ratio K1 CO1 d) Viscosity K1 CO1 e) 2. Fill in the blanks  $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ Kepler's second law of planetary motion is also called K1 CO1 a) are called universal gates. K1 CO1 b) and K1 CO1 The height of a projectile is equal to c) transformation are replaced by the Lorentz transformation which confirms K1 CO1 d) the postulate of relativity. K1 CO1 type of impurity is added to form a P type semiconductor. e) MCQ  $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 3. In which one of the following, light energy is converted into electrical energy? K2 CO1 a) (i)Light-emitting diode (ii) Laser diode j(iii) solar cell (iv) transistor The path of a projectile is called K2 CO1 b) (i)coral (ii) orbit (iii) trajectory (iv) track The ratio of linear stress to linear strain is called K2 CO1 c) (i)Young's modulus (ii) bulk modulus (iii) rigidity modulus (iv) Poisson's ratio Hooke's law is valid unto CO1 K2 d) (i)Elastic limit (ii) upper yield point (iii) plastic limit (iv) lower yield point Length contraction happens only K2 CO1 e) (i)perpendicular to the direction of motion (ii) along the direction of motion (iii) parallel to the direction of motion (iv) both (i) and (ii) **State True or False**  $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 4. K2 When a pentavalent impurity is added to a pure semiconductor it becomes an n- type CO1 a) semiconductor. Mathematically displacement is dv/dt. K2 CO1 b)

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c)	Moving clock runs faster.	K2	COI
d)	Rain drops are spherical due to the force of surface tension.	K2	CO1
e)	The leakage current in a crystal diode is due to minority carriers.	K2	CO1
	SECTION – B		
Answer any TWO of the following in 100 words		$(2 \times 10 = 20)$	
5.	Prove that oscillations of a spring mass system are simple harmonic. With a neat	K3	CO2
	diagram explain the potential energy and kinetic energy variations in an oscillating		
	system.	V2	CO2
0.	capillary tube	КЭ	002
7.	Discuss in detail the intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors and the conduction process	K3	CO2
	in semiconductors.		
8.	Explain relativistic time dilation and length contraction.	K3	CO2
	SECTION – C		
Ans	swer any TWO of the following in 100 words	(2 x 10	) = 20)
9.	Derive Einstein's mass-energy relation.	K4	CO3
10.	What is a logic gate? With neat circuit diagrams and relevant truth tables explain the	K4	CO3
	construction and working of AND, OR and NOT gates. (1+3+3+3 Marks)		
11.	Define the three moduli of elasticity. Establish a relation between the same.	K4	CO3
12.	Explain in detail Boy's method of determining the gravitational constant.	K4	CO3
Answer any ONE of the following in 250 words (1			) = 20)
13.	(a) Using a neat diagram, describe the Michelson-Morley experiment.	K5	CO4
	Explain the physical significance of the negative result. (14 Marks)		
	(b) Discuss the principle of consistency of speed of light. (6 Marks)		
14.	(a) Explain the term parking orbit? Derive an expression for the potential energy and	K5	CO4
	kinetic energy of a satellite in an orbit of radius 'r'. (10 Marks)		
	(b) Define escape velocity. Show that the escape velocity from the surface of		
	the earth is 11.2 km/sec. (10 Marks)		
	SECTION – E		
Answer any ONE of the following in 250 words $(1 \times 20 = 20)$			
15.	What is a junction diode? Analyse the working of a P-N junction diode under forward	K6	CO5
	and reverse biasing. Draw the current-voltage characteristic cure for the junction diode		
16	(a) Elucidate surface tension. Explain in detail the dron weight method of	K6	C05
10.	(a) Enclude surface tension. Explain in detail the drop weight method of	KU	005
	(1) With a structure this is the structure the structure for the		
	(b) With neat graphical representation discuss the variation of (i) distance with time		
	(ii) velocity with time for a projectile in Earth's gravitational field. (10 Marks)		