## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - PHYSICS

THIRD SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2022
UPH 3502 - MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS - II

Date: 03-12-2022
Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON

3. Match the following
( $5 \times 1=5$ )

| (a) | Wave equation Differential equations | K2 | CO1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Heat equation Signal processing | K2 | CO1 |
| (c) | Euler's Method Integration | K2 | CO1 |
| (d) | Fourier Transform Vibrating Strings | K2 | CO1 |
| (e) | Simpson's rule Hot bodies | K2 | CO1 |
| 4. | State True or False | ( $5 \times 1=5$ ) |  |
| (a) | Heat equation is applied to a vibrating string. | K2 | CO1 |
| (b) | Wave equation is a third-order linear partial differential equation. | K2 | CO1 |
| (c) | The transform of the sum of two functions is given by a convolution integral. | K2 | CO1 |
| (d) | Extrapolation is the technique of computing the value of the function outside the range of given values. | K2 | CO1 |
| (e) | Simpson's one-third rule is used in numerical differentiation. | K2 | CO1 |

## SECTION - B

Answer any TWO of the following

| 5. | Solve $\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial r^{2}}+\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r}+\frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial \theta^{2}}=0$ by the method of separation of variables. | K 3 | CO 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6. | State and prove the convolution theorem in Fourier transform. | K 3 | CO 2 |
|  | The following table displays the population of a town during the last six decades. <br> Calculate the population in 2006 using any suitable interpolation formula. |  |  |
| $\qquad$Year 1971 1981 1991 2001 2011 2021 <br> Population in lakhs 12 15 20 27 39 52 | K 3 | CO 2 |  |
| 8. | Apply Newton-Raphson method to obtain a root of $x^{3}-2 x-5=0$, upto two decimal <br> places. | K 3 | CO 2 |

## SECTION - C

## Answer any TWO of the following

Employ the method of least squares to fit a straight line through the following data
9.

| Voltage (V) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current (mA) | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.2 |

Write down one dimensional heat equation and solve it to obtain the general solution.
Calculate $\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin x d x$ by using Trapezoidal rule. Compare the result with the result
11. of actual integration.

| K 4 | CO 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| K 4 | CO 3 |
| K 4 | CO 3 |

(a) Mention some applications of Fourier Transforms.
12.
(b) Find the Fourier transform of the function.

$$
\begin{equation*}
f(x)=e^{-a x^{2}}, \text { where } a>0 . \tag{3+7}
\end{equation*}
$$

## SECTION - D

## Answer any ONE of the following

$(1 \times 20=20)$
13.
(a) Derive the one-dimensional wave equation for a vibrating string.
(b) Obtain the D'Alembert's solution of 1D wave equation.

Estimate the numerical solution of $\frac{d y}{d x}=x+y$ for $x=0$ to 0.2 using Euler's method
14.
with the initial condition $x_{o}=0$ and $y_{o}=1$, taking $h=0.025$.

## SECTION - E

Answer any ONE of the following
15. Apply Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae to find the temperature of an object during the $44^{\text {th }}$ minute from the following data and compare the results.

| Time (min) | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 46 | 66 | 81 | 93 | 101 |

16. Write the Fourier Transform of the functions
a) $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{c}1+\frac{x}{a},-a<x<0 \\ 1-\frac{x}{a}, 0<x<a \\ 0, \text { otherwise }\end{array}\right.$
b) $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{l}1, \text { for }|x|<a \\ 0, \text { for }|x|>a\end{array}\right.$

| 10$)$ | K 5 | CO 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0$)$ | K 5 | CO 4 |

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