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| PART - A |  |
| Answer ALL questions (10 x $2=20$ Marks) |  |
| 1 | What are crystalline solids? Give an example. |
| 2 | State Bragg's law. |
| 3 | What are phonons? |
| 4 | What is Debye temperature? |
| 5 | Define doping in semiconductors. |
| 6 | Draw a diagram to show the Fermi level in an n-type semiconductor. |
| 7 | State Curie's law. |
| 8 | What do you mean by hysteresis? |
| 9 | Define Meissner effect. |
| 10 | What are high temperature superconductors? |
| PART - B |  |
| Answer any FOUR questions (4x7.5 = 30 Marks) |  |
| 11 | Describe the rotating crystal method for X-ray diffraction. |
| 12 | Write a note on the momentum of phonons. |
| 13 | Give an account on band theory of solids. |
| 14 | Distinguish between dia, para and ferromagnetic materials. |
| 15 | Discuss about thermodynamic superconducting phase transition. |
| 16 | Distinguish between type 1 and type 2 superconductors. |
| PART - C |  |
| Answer any FOUR questions $\quad(4 \times 12.5=50$ Marks) |  |
| 17 | With suitable diagrams describe Bravais lattice in three dimensions. |
| 18 | Deduce the dispersion relation of a linear diatomic molecule. |
| 19 | With a neat diagram, describe the working of n-type and p-type semiconductors. |
| 20 | Discuss Langevin's theory of diamagnetism. |
| 21 | Obtain London equations and discuss its significance. Deduce the expression for penetration depth. |
| 22 | Give an account on Einstein's theory of lattice heat capacity. Show that it reduces to DulongPetit's law at high temperature. |

