



LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – STATISTICS

SECOND SEMESTER – APRIL 2015

ST 2815 - TESTING STATISTICAL HYPOTHESIS

Date : 18/04/2015

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time : 01:00-04:00

SECTION – A

Answer ALL the following questions

(10 x 2 = 20)

1. What is randomized test function?
2. Write any two examples for simple and composite hypothesis.
3. Define uniformly most powerful test.
4. Let $X \sim B(1, \theta)$, $\theta = 0.4, 0.5$. For testing $H: \theta = 0.4$ Vs $K: \theta = 0.5$, a test is given by

$$\phi(x) = \begin{cases} 0.2 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 0.5 & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$$

Find the power of the test.

5. Show that an UMP test is unbiased.
6. Define MLR property.
7. Justify the following statement
"A test with Neyman structure is α – similar"
8. Define multi-parameter exponential family with an example.
9. Show that $T(x) = \frac{x_1}{x_2}$ is invariant with respect to scale transformation.
10. Briefly explain the principles of LRT.

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE of the following questions

(5x 8 = 40)

11. Prove that one parameter exponential family possesses Monotone Likelihood Property.
12. Consider the following probability distribution of X.

X	1	2	3	4	5
H	0.02	0.03	0.015	0.05	0.885
K	0.03	0.045	0.15	0.24	0.535

Define three test functions ϕ_1, ϕ_2 and ϕ_3 such that

$$\phi_1 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = 1, 3, 4 \\ 0 & \text{, Otherwise} \end{cases}, \phi_2 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = 3 \\ 0 & \text{, Otherwise} \end{cases} \text{ and } \phi_3 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \text{ or } 2 \\ 0 & \text{, Otherwise} \end{cases}.$$

Identify the most powerful test of level 0.05.

13. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from $U(0, \theta), \theta > 0$. Derive UMP level α test for testing the hypothesis $H: \theta = \theta_0$ against $K: \theta \neq \theta_0$.

14. Let X follows $B(1, \theta)$, $\theta = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3$. For testing the hypothesis $H : \theta = 0.2$ against $K : \theta = 0.1, 0.3$. Show that UMP test does not exist.
15. State the generalized Neyman - Pearson lemma.
16. Derive UMPU level α test for testing the hypothesis $H : \theta_1 \leq \theta \leq \theta_2$ against $K : \theta < \theta_1$ or $\theta > \theta_2$ for one parameter exponential family.
17. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_m be a random sample from $P(\lambda)$ and Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n be a random sample from $P(\mu)$. Derive UMPU level α test for testing the hypothesis $H : \lambda \leq \mu$ Vs $K : \lambda > \mu$.
18. Define Multi Parameter exponential family and its properties.

SECTION - C

Answer any TWO of the following questions

(2x 20 = 40)

19. State and prove the necessary as well as sufficient conditions of fundamental Neyman - Pearson lemma. **(20)**
20. a) State and prove MLR theorem. **(10)**
 - b) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, $\theta \in R$. Derive UMP level α test for testing the hypothesis $H_0 : \mu \leq \mu_0$ against $H_1 : \mu > \mu_0$. **(10)**
21. Consider the $(k+1)$ parameter exponential family.
Derive the conditional UMPU level α test for testing $H_0 : \theta \leq \theta_0$ against $H_1 : \theta > \theta_0$. **(20)**
22. Let X and Y follows $N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2)$ and $N(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2)$. Derive Likelihood ratio test for testing $H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2$ Vs $H_0 : \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$ when population variances are equal. **(20)**
